

wherein

$R_{6a}$  is

1) a group selected from among a carboxyl group, a lower alkylcarbonyl group, a lower alkoxy carbonyl group, and a lower alkoxy carbonyl alkyl carbonyl group;

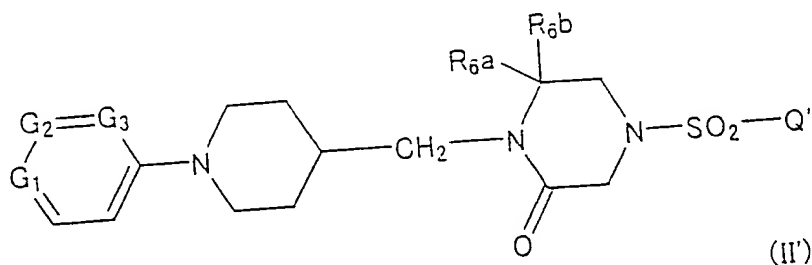
2) a group selected from among an optionally mono- or di-lower alkyl substituted carbamoyl group, a lower alkoxy carbamoyl group, a lower alkoxy carbonyl alkyl carbamoyl group, a pyrrolidin-1-yl carbonyl group, a morpholinocarbonyl group, a piperidin-1-yl carbonyl group which may be substituted by a methyl group or a hydroxyl group in 4-position, an N-phenyl carbamoyl group or a group selected from among the groups represented by the formulae  $-\text{CONH}(\text{CH}_2)_p\text{S}(0)_q\text{R}_{10}$  and  $-\text{CONH}(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{NR}_{11}\text{R}_{12}$  (wherein  $\text{R}_{10}$ ,  $\text{R}_{11}$ , and  $\text{R}_{12}$  are independently a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, a phenyl group, or a lower alkylphenyl group;  $p$  is an integer of 0-4,  $q$  is an integer of 0-2, and  $r$  is an integer of 1-4), or

3) a lower alkyl group optionally substituted by  $\text{R}_{15}$ ;  $\text{R}_{15}$  is a carboxyl group, a lower alkoxy carbonyl group, a hydroxyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a lower alkanoyloxy group, an amino group, a

mono- or di-substituted lower alkylamino group, a lower alkanoylamino group, a lower alkylsulfonylamino group, a cyclic amino group optionally substituted by a lower alkyl group or a hydroxyl group and being a pyrrolidinyl group, a piperidinyl group, a morpholino group, or a piperazinyl group, or an N-hydroxyimino group; and

Q' is an aryl group or an aryl lower alkenylene group, whose aryl ring is in the form of a monocyclic or fused hydrocarbon ring having 6-14 carbon atoms and is optionally substituted by a group having any 1-4 halogen atoms, or a salt thereof.

19. (Amended) A compound represented by the following general formula (II') or a salt thereof:



(wherein G<sub>1</sub>, G<sub>2</sub>, and G<sub>3</sub> are independently CH or N, provided that one or two of them is N;  
one of R<sub>6a</sub> and R<sub>6b</sub> is a hydrogen atom and the other is

1) a group selected from among a carboxyl group, a lower alkylcarbonyl group, a lower alkoxy carbonyl group, and a lower alkoxy carbonyl alkyl carbonyl group;

2) a group selected from among an optionally mono- or di-lower alkyl substituted carbamoyl group, a lower alkoxy carbamoyl group, a lower alkoxy carbonyl alkyl carbamoyl group, a pyrrolidin-1-yl carbonyl group, a morpholinocarbonyl group, a piperidin-1-yl carbonyl group which may be substituted by a methyl group or a hydroxyl group in 4-position, an N-phenyl carbamoyl group or a group selected from among the groups represented by the formulae  $-\text{CONH}(\text{CH}_2)_p\text{S}(0)_q\text{R}_{10}$  and  $-\text{CONH}(\text{CH}_2)_r\text{NR}_{11}\text{R}_{12}$  (wherein  $\text{R}_{10}$ ,  $\text{R}_{11}$ , and  $\text{R}_{12}$  are independently a hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl group, a phenyl group, or a lower alkylphenyl group;  $p$  is an integer of 0-4,  $q$  is an integer of 0-2, and  $r$  is an integer of 1-4), or

3) a lower alkyl group optionally substituted by  $\text{R}_{15}$ ;  $\text{R}_{15}$  is a carboxyl group, a lower alkoxy carbonyl group, a hydroxyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a lower alkanoyloxy group, an amino group, a mono- or di-substituted lower alkylamino group, a lower alkanoylamino group, a lower alkylsulfonylamino group, a cyclic amino group optionally substituted by a lower alkyl group or a hydroxyl group and being a pyrrolidinyl group, a piperidinyl group, a morpholino group, or a piperazinyl group, or an N-hydroxyimino group;

or  $\text{R}_{6a}$  and  $\text{R}_{6b}$  are both the same lower alkyl group;

E2 Q' is an aryl group or an aryl lower alkenylene group, whose aryl ring is in the form of a monocyclic or fused hydrocarbon ring having 6-14 carbon atoms and is optionally substituted by a group having any 1-4 halogen atoms.

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